## NOVA COLLEGE-WIDE COURSE CONTENT SUMMARY

 BUS 220-INTRODUCTION TO BUSINESS STATISTICS (3 CR.)
## Course Description

This course covers frequency distributions, descriptive measures, probability concepts, probability distribution, sampling, estimation, hypotheses testing for means and proportions, simple regression and correlation Lecture 3 hours per week.

## General Course Purpose

In this course, the student is introduced to the subject of business statistics to include the need for quantitative analysis in business, the basic procedures in problem solving, and the sources and types of data used by business firms. Basic probability concepts and normal probability distribution will be used by the student to solve problems which involve business applications. In addition, hypothesis testing and simple regression analysis are introduced.

## Course Prerequisites/Corequisites

None.

## Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to achieve the objectives as identified under each topic below:
A. Organizing and Displaying data

1. organize ungrouped data into a frequency distribution
2. construct different types of graphs using statistical software
B. Descriptive Measures
3. arrange ungrouped data into an array, and determine the mean, median, mode, percentiles and quartiles
4. for a given data, compute the range, variance, and standard deviation
5. recognize the shape of the distribution-symmetric and asymmetric
6. generate summary statistics using statistical software
C. Basic Probability Concepts
7. define experiment, sample space
8. list elementary events
9. construct Venn diagram and probability matrices for two sets probability problems
10. solve problems involving use of addition rule
11. define independent events and dependent events
12. solve problems involving use of multiplication rule
13. compute conditional probabilities
D. Discrete Probability Distributions
14. compute mean (expected value) and variance of a discrete random variable
15. state the required conditions for the use of the binomial probability distribution
16. compute mean (expected value) and variance of a binomial distribution
17. with the use of formula and table, solve problems involving binomial distribution
E. Continuous Probability Distribution
18. describe the characteristics of normal distribution and standardized normal distribution
19. solve problems finding areas under a normal curve using a z-table
20. approximate normal to the binomial distribution
21. demonstrate the use of the normal distribution in business problem solving
F. Sampling and Sampling Distributions
22. distinguish between probability and non-probability sampling
23. recognize what is meant by simple random, systematic, stratified, and cluster samples
24. define sampling distribution of the mean, and state the central limit theorem and its significance
25. write the formulas for and compute the standard error of the mean and the standard error of the proportion
G. Confidence Intervals for Single Population Mean and Proportion
26. know the difference between point estimates and interval estimates
27. calculate confidence intervals for mean and proportion
28. compute appropriate sample size
29. construct confidence interval using statistics package
H. Hypothesis Testing for Single Population Mean and Proportion
30. state null and alternative hypothesis
31. calculate cut-off point using z-table, t-table
32. calculate observed value using appropriate distribution (z-distribution, t-distribution)
33. reach conclusion of the testing
I. Simple Regression and Correlation
34. calculate Pearson correlation coefficient
35. construct line fit plots and residual plots using statistical package
36. interpret R2 and slope of the regression line
37. run and interpret the output

## Major Topics to be Covered

- Organizing and displaying data
- Measures of central tendency and variability
- Basic probability concepts and problems
- Use of probability distributions: Binomial distribution and use of the normal distribution
- Sampling and sampling distributions
- Confidence intervals for the population mean and proportion using normal distribution
- Basic hypothesis testing
- $\quad$ Simple Regression analysis using statistical package


## Optional Topics

- Poisson Distribution
- Uniform Distribution

